

## Review problems for the first midterm exam in Calculus 135 - Fall 2002

NOTE: These are only practice problems! Your exam may have types of problems that are not represented on this sheet. It is your responsibility to study **all** of the material and to master **all** of the homework problems. The answers to the questions must be exact answers. For example, the number 1.732050808 is not a correct answer when the right answer is actually  $\sqrt{3}$ .

1) Evaluate the following limits.

$$\begin{array}{lll} \text{(a)} \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt{\frac{3x^2 + 4x + 10}{5x^2 + 7x + 8}} & \text{(b)} \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{2 - x}{x^2 + x - 6} & \text{(c)} \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x - 2}{\sqrt{x + 14} - 4} \\ \text{(d)} \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sqrt{7x^2 + x + 5}}{x} & \text{(e)} \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{\sqrt{2x^2 + 4x + 3}}{x} & \text{(f)} \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^2 + x + 5}{3x^3 + 6x^2 + 3x + 2} \end{array}$$

2) Consider the function  $f$  given below, where  $A$  and  $B$  are constants.

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} Ax + 1 & \text{if } x \leq 1, \\ x^2 - 1 & \text{if } 1 < x < 2, \\ x + B & \text{if } 2 \leq x. \end{cases}$$

What values of  $A$  and  $B$  will make  $f$  a continuous function?

3) Show that the equation  $x^3 + 2x^2 + 3x + 5 = 0$  has at least one solution on the  $x$ -axis. Do not graph this. Do not attempt to find an approximation to a solution.

4) Find the domain of  $f(x) = \sqrt{x - 2} + \sqrt{5 - x}$ .

5) Find  $g(f(2)) - f(g(2))$  when  $f(x) = x^2 + x$  and  $g(x) = 1/x$ .

6) Assume that  $2x + 3y = 1$  is the line tangent to the curve  $y = f(x)$  at  $x = 4$ . Find  $f(4)$  and  $f'(4)$ .

7) Sketch the graph of some function  $f$  which has all of the following properties simultaneously:

- (a) The domain of  $f$  is  $(1, 5)$ ,
- (b)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} f(x) = 0$ ,
- (c)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 5^-} f(x) = 2$ ,
- (d)  $f$  is continuous on  $(1, 5)$ ,
- (e)  $f$  is not differentiable at  $x = 3$ .

8) Suppose  $f(x) = 1/x$ . Verify the identity  $f'(x) = -1/x^2$  using only the definition of the derivative as a limit.

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9) An ice sculpture has the shape of a cylinder. It is melting at the rate of  $30 \text{ ft}^3$  per hour. Assume that it maintains its cylindrical character (with shrinking radius and height) as it melts. What is the rate of decrease of its radius when the height is 5 ft, the radius is 3 ft, and the height is decreasing at the rate of  $1/2$  ft per hour?

10) Find the second derivative of each of the following functions.

$$(a) \quad f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 + 3} \qquad (b) \quad g(x) = 1/(3x + 1) \qquad (c) \quad h(x) = (x^2 + x)^{10}$$

11) Sketch the graph of some function  $f$  which has all of the following properties simultaneously:

- (a) the domain of  $f$  is  $[1, 5]$ ,
- (b)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} f(x) = f(2) \neq \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} f(x)$ ,
- (c)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} f(x)$  exists, but  $f$  is not continuous at  $x = 3$ .
- (d)  $f'(4) = 0$ .

12) Find the derivative of each of the following functions.

$$(a) \quad f(x) = \sqrt{\frac{x^2 + 3}{x^4 + 3}} \qquad (b) \quad g(x) = (\sqrt{x} + 4x^3)^{10}(5x - 1/x)^{15}$$
$$(c) \quad h(x) = \sqrt{4 + \sqrt{x^2 + 1}} \qquad (d) \quad k(x) = (x^2 + 3)(x^4 + x + 2)(x^6 + x^3 + 1)$$

13) Find the equation of the line tangent to the curve  $x^2y^2 + x^3y^4 + y = 470$  at the point  $(3, 2)$ .

14) Assume that  $h$  and  $k$  are functions such that  $h'(x) = (1 + x^2)^{-1}$  and  $k(x) = h(x^3)$ . Find  $k'(x)$ .

15) Let  $f, g, h$  be functions such that  $h(x) = g(f(x))$ . Assume  $f(2) = 5, f(1) = 3, f'(2) = -1, f'(1) = 8, g'(5) = 7, g'(3) = 4$ . Find  $h'(1)$  and  $h'(2)$ .

16) If  $p$  is the price in dollars for each gallon of a certain brand of paint then

$$x = 100 - p^2/9 \qquad (0 \leq p \leq 30)$$

is the number of gallons demanded per month. For what value of  $p$  is the demand unitary?