

# MATHEMATICS 300 — FALL 2009

## *Introduction to Mathematical Reasoning*

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### INSTRUCTOR'S NOTES

*(December 6, 2009)*

## 1 Homework assignment No. 13, due on Thursday, December 10, 2009

1. Book, Page 187, Problems 11, 12, and 16.
2. If  $A, B, C$  are sets, the *composite* of a function  $f : A \mapsto B$  and a function  $g : B \mapsto C$  is the function  $g \circ f : A \mapsto C$  given by

$$(g \circ f)(x) = g(f(x)) \quad \text{for } x \in A.$$

Prove that composition of functions is associative, that is: If  $A, B, C, D$  are sets, and  $f : A \mapsto B, g : B \mapsto C, h : C \mapsto D$ , are functions, then  $h \circ (g \circ f) = (h \circ g) \circ f$ .

3. Suppose that  $A, B, C$  are sets, and  $f : A \mapsto B, g : B \mapsto C$  are functions. Prove or disprove each of the following:
  - (i) If  $f$  and  $g$  are one-to-one then  $g \circ f$  is one-to-one.
  - (ii) If  $g \circ f$  is one-to-one then  $f$  is one-to-one.
  - (iii) If  $g \circ f$  is one-to-one then  $g$  is one-to-one.
4. We know from an earlier problem that  $\emptyset : \emptyset \mapsto \emptyset$ . Prove that this function is one-to-one.